DESIGN CRITERIA AND TEST PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS FOR QUANTITATIVE FUMONISIN TEST KITS

Prepared by U.S. Department of Agriculture Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration Technical Services Division

Approved By:	Group Leader, Test Kit Evaluation Program	Date: _	9/1/10
Approved By:	Acting Director, Technical Services Division	Date: _	9-7-2010

APPROVAL FACTORS

Each offeror must provide documentation to show that their test kit is capable of meeting all of the performance standards for quantitative test kits listed below. In addition, the Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration (GIPSA) will verify that the test kit meets these performance standards.

Definitions

Corn Germ Meal: Ground germ cake from which part of the oil has been pressed.

Corn Gluten Feed: Residue of the corn kernel after most of the starch, gluten, and germ has

been removed by wet milling.

Corn Gluten Meal: Finely ground corn gluten feed.

Corn Meal: Finely ground, unsifted corn.

Corn/Soy Blend: Blend of corn meal, defatted soybean meal, mineral mix, and soybeans

(refined and stabilized). The ratios are approximately 26:8:1:2,

respectively.

Fortified Samples:Samples containing known, added amounts of certified pure fumonisin standards.

Test Kit: A commercially packaged system of the principal or key components of an analytical method used to determine the presence of a specific analyte(s) in a given matrix(es). Test kits include directions for their use and are self-contained, complete analytical systems, but they may require supporting supplies and equipment. The key components frequently represent proprietary elements or reagents that may be readily prepared only by the producer of the kit.

<u>GIPSA Reference Method</u> - Refers to the current GIPSA fumonisin reference method. This document is available upon request.

Performance Standards

<u>Good Laboratory Practices.</u> Good laboratory procedures must be followed when conducting experiments to acquire data to submit in support of specific test kit performance. The same person performing the analyses must not prepare the fortified samples. All samples must be labeled with a code and fully randomized so that the analyst conducting the test cannot know the level of analyte.

The fumonisins used to fortify samples shall be well characterized and of certified purity (>95%) and in the ratio of 7:2:1 for B1, B2, and B3, respectively. A statement of analysis from the supplier shall be submitted with the data. Concentrations of the fumonisin standard must be confirmed using a validated fumonisin reference method.

A validated fumonisin reference method must be used for analyzing the samples to be fortified, including each commodity, and for analyzing the samples naturally contaminated with the

fumonisins. A copy of the completed method validation report or literature reference to a published report shall be supplied by the applicant. This method must have performance characteristics (accuracy and precision) that are equivalent to the GIPSA reference method. The GIPSA fumonisin reference method will be used in the final GIPSA Performance Verification. A copy of this reference method may be obtained from GIPSA upon request.

1. Time required for completion of an analysis.

A test kit must be capable of quantifying fumonisin residues in a single, pre-ground sample in less than 30 minutes. For example, a test that would require two hours for the extraction and simultaneous analysis of four samples would not be acceptable. If the standards supplied with the test kit do not cover the range specified, the total time for completing a sample analysis, including dilutions, must meet the thirty-minute requirement.

2. Comparative accuracy of test kits on corn samples naturally contaminated with fumonisins.

Four corn samples naturally contaminated with fumonisin at 0.5, 1.00, 2.00, and 5.00 ppm ($\pm 15\%$) shall be ground so that 95% of the material passes through a 20-mesh sieve. The corn sample at **each** concentration level will be divided into forty-two sets of 50-g subportions using a method that will ensure that resultant subportions are well mixed and homogeneous. These subportions will be placed in specimen containers, sealed, and stored at 5° C until needed.

Three analysts shall each extract seven subportions of the sample at each level according to test kit instructions. One analysis of each extract shall be made by each of three operators, each operator using a separate and unique lot of test kit for his or her analyses. No sharing of test kits will be allowed. In addition, twenty-one subportions of this sample will be extracted and analyzed in three separate batches (seven samples per batch) using the GIPSA reference method or a method demonstrated to give equivalent performance (accuracy and precision).

At least 95% of the individual values at each concentration must be within the range specified in Table 1.

Maximum Concentration Standard Range* RSD Deviation (ppm) (ppm) (%) 0.50 18 0.09 0.32 - 0.681.00 16 0.16 0.68 - 1.32.00 14 0.281.4 - 2.65.0 13 3.7 - 6.30.65

Table 1. Acceptable Limits

^{*} For naturally contaminated samples, this range will be recalculated using the actual mean and the maximum RSD values at each concentration as listed. The mean will be determined by using the 21 values obtained using the GIPSA reference method or a method demonstrated to give equivalent performance.

3. Suggested additional commodities: corn meal, corn gluten feed, corn germ meal, corn gluten meal, corn/soy blend, DDGS, rice, milled rice, sorghum, soybeans, and wheat.

For a test kit to be approved for additional commodities, offerors must submit procedures and documented data showing accuracy of tests for each commodity. Uncontaminated samples of each commodity must be ground with a mill so that over 95% of the material passes through a 20-mesh sieve. Only samples that contain less than 0.10-ppm fumonisin can be used to produce fortified test samples. Ground portions must be divided into 50-g subportions using a method that will ensure that resultant subportions are well mixed and homogenous. Specific information on the equipment and procedures that were used in the grinding, mixing, and sieving processes must be provided.

A minimum of five fortified samples for each matrix with 0.50 ppm fumonisin and minimum of five fortified samples for each matrix with 2.00 ppm fumonisin concentrations should be prepared using certified standards (as described in Good Laboratory Practices). Samples should be left open in an exhaust hood for 30 minutes after fortification and stored at 5° C until analyzed.

One operator shall extract samples according to test kit instructions. For each and every matrix, a single analyst shall perform one analysis of each extract using the appropriate test kit materials including needed equipment not contained in the test kit. All analyses shall be conducted at room temperature. Controls shall be used with each individual analysis if required by the instructions for the test kit.

At least 95% of the individual values at each concentration must be within the range specified in Table 1.

4. Avoidance of toxic or hazardous substances.

Testing shall not expose employees to toxic or hazardous substances higher than OSHA Standards (29 CFR) or require special waste disposal. Items that might require special waste disposal include all radioactive materials, materials containing concentrations of substances that exceed the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Maximum Concentrations of Contaminants for the Toxicity Characteristic found in 40 CFR, and any materials having the EPA Hazardous Waste Number D003 as defined in 40 CFR. Material Safety Data Sheets shall be provided for each test kit. Each offeror must provide information on waste disposal that meets EPA requirements for all chemicals used in their test kit. No test kit will be considered for approval that cannot meet the above criteria.

5. Sensitivity to Electromagnetic Fields

Electronic equipment offered with test kits shall be insensitive to electromagnetic fields of intensity of 5.0 volts/meter over the frequency range of 500 KHz to 1 GHz and less than or equal to 1.0 volt/meter over a frequency range of 1.1 GHz to 15 GHz. Offerors shall provide a statement of certification from an accredited laboratory to this effect in their proposal. Laboratories shall be accredited under the National Volunteer Laboratory Accreditation Program operated by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, Maryland. Any electronic equipment not meeting this requirement will not be considered for approval.

6. Temperature sensitivity.

One naturally contaminated corn sample at 1.00 ppm ($\pm 15\%$) fumonisin concentration shall be prepared by grinding so that 95% of the material passes a 20-mesh sieve. The corn sample shall be divided into seven sets of 50-g subportions using a method that will ensure that the resultant subportions are well mixed and homogenous. These subportions will be placed in specimen containers, sealed, and stored at 5° C until needed.

One operator shall extract the samples at room temperature according to test kit instructions. Extracted samples must be protected from light during this test.

Place extracts and all equipment needed to conduct an analysis in an environmental chamber set at 24° C. Allow to equilibrate for a period of one hour. Perform assays using manufacturer's recommended procedure.

Adjust room temperature to 18° C and allow extracts and equipment to equilibrate for one hour. Perform assays using manufacturer's recommended procedure.

Readjust the temperature of the environmental chamber to 30° C and allow extracts and equipment to equilibrate for one hour. Perform assays using manufacturer's recommended procedure.

At least 95% of the individual values must be within the range specified in Table 1 of the Performance Specifications.

7. Stability.

Offerors must provide data on the stability of their tests and the reagents used in their tests under label-recommended storage times and conditions. Manufacturers are required to submit stability data to support claimed expiration dating.

8. GIPSA Performance Verification on Naturally Contaminated Samples

Offerors will be required to supply all test kits, equipment, and supplies needed to complete the verification tests described below.

Two corn samples naturally contaminated with a fumonisin concentration of approximately 0.5 and 2.00 ppm will be ground to meet the sieve specifications given in Section 3. The ground sample will be mixed and divided into forty-two sets of 50-g subportions. These subportions will be placed in specimen containers, sealed, and stored at 5° C until needed.

Three analysts shall each extract seven subportions of the sample at each level according to test kit instructions. One analysis of each extract will be made by each of the three operators each using a separate and unique lot of test kit. In addition, twenty-one subportions of the sample at each level, will be extracted and analyzed by HPLC in three separate batches (seven samples per batch) using the GIPSA Reference Method.

For GIPSA approval, at least 95% of the individual values at each concentration must be within the range specified as referenced in Table 1.

<u>Sample Extraction and Analyses</u>. Sample extraction and analyses will be done according to the offeror's directions. All analyses will be conducted at room temperature (approximately 21° C). If a control is required for the test, then a control will be used with each individual sample analysis.

<u>Operators and Training</u>. Three operators will conduct all analyses. All operators shall receive up to two days of training in the use of each test kit. The training is to be provided by the offeror. In addition, each operator shall receive detailed, step-by-step, written directions, prepared by the offeror, on the use of each test kit.

Outliers. If an observation is a suspected outlier, the available documentation will be reviewed to identify the source of the error and make corrections where possible. Identifiable errors (not the fault of the test method) that cannot be corrected will result in the observation being discarded. Suspected outliers with unidentifiable causes will be tested using methods described in the AOAC manual, "Use of Statistics to Develop and Evaluate Analytical Methods," by G. T. Wernimont (p. 96 and Table A-8). No more than one outlier per test kit will be discarded.

PROTOCOL & NOTIFICATION AGREEMENT STATEMENT

This is to certify that I am an Official Representat	tive of		
that I fully understand the conditions which GIPS fumonisin test kit marketed under the trade name	SA will use to determine if our quantitative		
	will be given a		
Certificate of Conformance for use in the official inspection system. The Certificate of Conformance will be valid for three years from the date it is issued.			
GIPSA monitors the performance of all approved performance verification of the test kit at any time criteria set forth in the performance specification be revoked immediately. I further understand that after three years and the kit must be completely re Conformance. I accept these conditions and I also Notification Responsibilities provided in this document.	de. I understand that if the kit fails to meet the document, the Certificate of Conformance will at the Certificate of Conformance will expire e-evaluated to renew the Certificate of so agree to abide by the Manufacturer's		
Name	Date		

Manufacturer's Notification Responsibilities

Manufacturers with test kits on the list of equipment approved for official inspection must notify the Director, Technical Services Division, USDA-GIPSA Technical Center, 10383 N. Ambassador Drive, Kansas City, Missouri 64153-1394, in writing when any changes or alterations are made to the approved test kit, to any reagents, to the kit shelf life, to equipment used in the test kit, or to any part of the analytical method. Any alterations to a test kit will require a full GIPSA performance verification. Failure to notify GIPSA of these changes will serve as grounds for immediate withdrawal of the test kit from the approved list. Changes in the packaging, brochure, or other marketing information about the test kit are exempt from this requirement.